

Course Syllabus Geographic Information Systems

March – July 2024

VI Ciclo

Lecturer

Estrada Mendoza, Miguel



I. Datos generales del curso

Nombre del curso:	Geographic Information Systems		
Requisito:	Meteorología y Climatología	Código:	10345
Precedente:	None	Semestre:	2024-1
Créditos:	3	Ciclo:	VI
Horas semanales:	4	Modalidad del curso:	Class – based
Carrera	Ingeniería en Gestión Ambiental	Coordinador del curso:	Miguel Estrada mestrada@esan.edu.pe

II. Summary

This course provides an in-depth introduction to the fundamental concepts and techniques of Geographic Information Systems (GIS). Students will learn how to use GIS software to create, manage, analyze, and visualize spatial data. The course will equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to analyze and apply spatial information in the planning and management of natural resources.

Through hands-on exercises and real-world examples, students will gain practical experience in using GIS software and tools to solve real-world problems. By the end of the course, students will have a solid understanding of the principles of GIS and be able to apply them to a wide range of applications in natural resource management and other fields.

III. Course Objectives

The main objective of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and its applications in natural resource management. By the end of the course, students will be able to use GIS software to create, manage, analyze, and visualize spatial data. In addition, students will gain an understanding of the ethical and legal issues related to GIS data and its use. Overall, this course aims to equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to apply GIS to a wide range of applications in natural resource management and other fields.



IV. Learning Outcomes

Learning Outcomes are based on a methodology of critical thinking progression which starts with basic activities that build a foundation of knowledge and skills, and gradually progresses to more advanced, critical thinking tasks that require students to apply their knowledge and skills to solve complex problems. By starting with basic activities and gradually building up to more advanced tasks, students are able to develop a deep understanding of GIS concepts and techniques and are better equipped to apply critical thinking skills to real-world problems. This approach also helps students to develop a sense of confidence and competence in their ability to use GIS to solve complex problems.

By the end of the course students will be able to:

- Identify and describe basic GIS concepts and terminology.
- Use GIS software to create and edit spatial data.
- Analyze spatial data using basic GIS tools and techniques.
- Evaluate the quality and accuracy of spatial data.
- Interpret and analyze spatial data using advanced GIS tools and techniques.
- Synthesize spatial data from multiple sources to solve complex problems.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of different GIS methods and techniques.
- Develop and implement a GIS project plan.
- Apply critical thinking skills to analyze and solve real-world problems using GIS.
- Evaluate the ethical and legal implications of GIS data and its use.
- Communicate GIS results effectively through written and oral presentations.
- Collaborate effectively with others in a GIS project team.
- Apply GIS to a wide range of applications in natural resource management and other fields.
- Develop a deep understanding of the role of GIS in society and its potential impact on the environment and society.

V. Methodology

The course methodology emphasizes active student participation with the Lecturer assuming the role of learning facilitator. The course is designed to help students achieve the learning outcomes by providing a series of lectures and computer-based practical sessions using Quantum GIS (QGIS) software.

The computer-based practical sessions will be sequential and supported by video tutorials, which will be available via the course YouTube channel. These practical sessions are designed to provide students with hands-on experience using the software, while simultaneously illustrating and reinforcing theoretical concepts. Students will complete a series of practical assignments that are designed to provide experience with the software and reinforce the theoretical concepts covered in the lectures. These assignments are designed to help students achieve the learning outcomes by applying critical thinking skills to real-world problems using GIS.

Contact and communication between the student and lecturer will be via the virtual campus platform, where all the course resources will also be available.



It is strongly recommended that the student read the texts indicated in the bibliography and recommended weekly reading, as well as material that will be made available to encourage students to explore topics in greater depth. By following this methodology, students will be able to achieve the learning outcomes and develop a deep understanding of GIS concepts and techniques.

VI. Evaluation

The integrated evaluation system is continuous. The grade of the subject is obtained by averaging the continuous evaluation (40%), the partial exam (30%) and the final exam (30%).

The average grade for the continuous assessment results from the average of assessed research reports, integrative activities and creation and presentation of the end of course final project.

The weightings within the continuous evaluation are described in the following table:

PROMEDIO DE EVALUACIÓN PERMANENTE 40%			
Tipo de evaluación	Descripción	Ponder	ación %
Basic GIS mapping activities	4 basic mapping activities	2	0
Assessed GIS Activities	2 timed assessments	25	25
Final project	Environmental problem-solving using GIS	3	0

The final average grade (FA) is obtained as follows:

 $FA = (0,30 \times MTE) + (0,40 \times CEA) + (0,30 \times FE)$

Where:

- FA = Final Average
- MTE = Mid-Term Exam
- CEA = Continuous Evaluation Average
- FE = Final Exam

Week	Contents	Activities / Evaluation
• Und Demons • Sele	ARNING I: Communication and Geographic Understanding erstand the fundamental concepts of Geographic Information Scien- trate basic level proficiency in the creation of spatial data. ect and combine appropriate visual variables to clearly represent geo municate map content.	0,



	Introduction to Geographic Information Systems (GIS) & Spatial Thinking	Presentación del silabo en todos contenidos. Presentación de la
	1.1 The Geospatial Revolution	metodología del curso.
	1.2 The Changing Nature of Place	
	1.3 Geospatial Enquiry	Revisión de guía (pautas)
	1.4 GIS in Action	para el desarrollo de los trabajos encargados
1 st From March	Video Activity: https://youtu.be/poMGRbfgp38	(Incluye explicación del instrumento de
21 to 27	Read Chapter 1 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A	evaluación)
	first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	Revisión de la Guía para presentación de trabajos escritos en la Universidad ESAN (normas APA).
		Spatial knowledge Quiz Week 1 Quiz
		QGIS Practical I

	Geodesy, Map Projections and Coordinate Systems	
	2.1 Historical Cartography2.2 Scale and Time2.3 Coordinate Systems2.4 Latitude and Longitude2.5 Map Projections	QGIS Practical II
2 nd From April	Video Activity: https://youtu.be/nMrhuKoE3cl	Week 2 Quiz
01 to 06	Read Chapter 1 of Sobel, D & Andrewes, WJH (1998). The Illustrated Longitude: The True Story of the Lone Genius Who Solved the Greatest Scientific Problem of His Time.	Evaluation AAAI No 1
	Read: Chapters 2 & 3 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	
	Cartography and Visualization I	
3 rd From April 08 to 13	 3.1 GIS and maps 3.2 Data acquisition 3.3 Map characteristics 3.4 Map design and production 3.5 Data Classification 	QGIS Practical III Week 3 Quiz Evaluation AAAI
	Video Activity: https://youtu.be/CWM1fftxxdg https://youtu.be/TUTmg1iVX8E	No 2
	Read Chapters 1, 2, 3, & 5 of Kraak, MJ & Ormeling, F (2010). Cartography: Visualization of Geospatial Data.	



	Cartography and Visualization II	
4 th From April	 4.1 Creative Inspiration 4.2 Layout design 4.3 Fonts 4.4 Colours 	QGIS Practical IV Week 4 Quiz
15 to 20	4.5 Features Read: Chapters 2, 3, 4 & 5 of Peterson, G (2015). GIS Cartography: A Guide to Effective Map Design. Second Edition.	Evaluation AAAI No 3
	EARNING II: Principles of GI and Cartography. Part II provide to acquire the skills and techniques required to become profi	
	yze the fundamentals of GIS data storage and interoperability uate and apply different types of geospatial analysis technique	

- Construct datasets for use in geo-analysis.
- Execute the results of a geospatial analysis using appropriate models, terminology, and visualizations.

5 th From April 22 to 27	Geospatial Analysis I Vector Operations, Single Layer Analysis, Multiple Layer Analysis 5.1 Introduction – Input, Operations, and Output 5.2 Selection and Classification 5.3 Dissolve 5.4 Proximity Functions and Buffering 5.5 Overlay 5.6 Network Analysis	QGIS Practical V Week 5 Quiz Evaluation AAAI No 4
	Read: Chapter 9 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	
	Geospatial Analysis II	QGIS Practical VI
	Raster data: Basic Geoprocessing with Rasters	
		Week 6 Quiz
	6.1 Map Algebra	
6 th From	6.2 Local Functions	
April 29	6.3 Neighborhood, Zonal and Global Functions	
to May	6.4 Introduction to Terrain Analysis	
04		
	Read: Chapter 10 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS	
	Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	
	Geospatial Analysis III	
7 th From	7.1 Introduction to Terrain Analysis	
	7.2 Spatial Estimation and Interpolation	QGIS Practical VII
May 06	7.3 Cartographic Modelling	Week 7 Ouiz
to 11		Week 7 Quiz
	Read: Chapter 11 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	
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8 th From May 13 to 18	Mid Term Exam	
g th From May 20 to 25	Geospatial Data Acquisition & Management 9.1 Geographic Data Acquisition 9.2 Geospatial Database Management 9.3 File Formats 9.4 Data Quality Read: Chapter 2 of Kraak, MJ & Ormeling, F (2010). Cartography: Visualization of Geospatial Data Read: Chapter 4 of Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.	QGIS Practical VIII Week 9 Quiz

	Introduction to Remote Sensing I	
10 th	10.1 History and Scope of Remote Sensing 10.2 Electromagnetic radiation	SNAP Practical I
From May 27 to June	10.3 Mapping Cameras, Digital Imagery and Image Interpretation	QGIS Practical IX
01	10.4 Earth Observation Satellites	Week 10 Quiz
	Read: Chapters 1 & 2 of Campbell (2011) Introduction to Remote Sensing.	
	Introduction to Remote Sensing II	SNAP Practical II
11 th	11.1 Image Classification 11.2 Change Detection	QGIS Practical X
From June 03	11.3 Applications in Plant Sciences, Earth Sciences, Land Use and Land Cover and Global Remote Sensing	Week 11 Quiz
to 08	coo and cand covor and crobal Kennete contening	Evaluation
	Read: Chapters 3 & 6 of Campbell (2011) Introduction to Remote Sensing.	AAA II No 1
UNIT OF LEARNING III: GIS Analysis in Action: Understanding Our World.		
	ly GIS tools and techniques to resolve real life situations. lyze GIS innovations and industry applications.	



	Environmental Applications of GIS I: Emergency Management	
12 th	12.1 The Fours Stages of Emergency Management 12.2 Geospatial Approaches and Technology in Emergency	SNAP Practical III
From June 10	Management	QGIS Practical XI
to 15	Case Study: (Re)Insurance Industry	Week 12 Quiz
	Read: Chapter 2 of Tomaszewski, B., (2014). Geographic Information Systems (GIS) for Disaster Management.	
		SNAP Practical IV
13 th From	Environmental Applications of GIS II	QGIS Practical XII
June 17 to 22	Case Study: GIS and Earth Observation for Sustainable Development I – Climate Change	Week 13 Quiz
		Evaluation
		AAA II No 2. SNAP Practical V
14 th From June 24 to 29	Environmental Applications of GIS III Case Study: GIS in Water Resources Management	QGIS Practical XIII
		Week 14 Quiz
15 th From	Course Summary & Final project	Evaluation
July 01 to 06	Presentations	Final Project Presentation
16 th From July 08 to 13	Final Exams	·

VII. Bibliography

- Bolstad, Paul (2016). GIS Fundamentals: A first text on geographic information systems, 4th edition.
- Campbell (2011) Introduction to Remote Sensing. 5th Edition.
- Capineri, C, Haklay, M, Huang, H, Antoniou, V, Kettunen, J, Ostermann, F and Purves, R (2016). European Handbook of Crowdsourced Geographic Information. London: Ubiquity Press.
- Kraak, MJ & Ormeling, F (2010). Cartography: Visualization of Geospatial Data. Third Edition. Pearson Education Limited.
- Peterson, G (2015). GIS Cartography: A Guide to Effective Map Design. Second Edition.
- Sobel, D & Andrewes, WJH (1998). The Illustrated Longitude: The True Story of the Lone Genius Who Solved the Greatest Scientific Problem of His Time.
- Tomaszewski, B., (2014). Geographic Information Systems (GIS) for Disaster Management

VIII. Lecturer



Miguel Estrada, PhD

e-mail: mestrada@esan.edu.pe